

Errata

NOTE: The following errata only pertain to the published version of the WTIM 2011 conference. Numerous editorial changes have been made to the text and table. The following changes were considered significant to mention:

Description of Errata and Corrections in text

Page	Section	Description	Reads	Should Read
1	Introduction	Many researchers have applied n-gram language modeling ...	Maximum entropy (Li <i>et al.</i> , 2007) and conditional random fields (Xiao <i>et al.</i> , 2009) have also been employed.	Maximum entropy (Xiao <i>et al.</i> , 2009) and conditional random fields (Li <i>et al.</i> , 2007) have also been employed.
5	Maximally Amortized Cost	$NumOfIncorrectCharacters = INF_0 + IF_0$	$\frac{IF_{all}}{C} + \frac{F_{all}}{C} = \frac{IF_0}{C} + \frac{F_{all}}{C}$	$\frac{IF_{all}}{C} + \frac{F_{all}}{C} = \frac{INF_0}{C} + \frac{F_{all}}{C}$
8	Error-Tolerance Level	More specifically, for example, IM-A encounters frequent problems with Chinese homophones,...	Chinese homophones, where “his,” “her” and “it” are all pronounced in the same disyllable,	Chinese homophones, where “his,” “her” and “ <i>its</i> ” are all pronounced in the same disyllable,

We apologize for any inconveniences this may have caused you.